Rete-Netzwerk-Red: Network Workbench – Analyzing and Visualizing Scholarly Networks Extracted from Online Bibliographic Resources

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Theme: Network Science Cyberinfrastructure

Introduction

Results

The NWB Tool provides easy access to more than 22 preprocessing, 23 analysis, 8 modeling, and 17 visualization algorithms. Recently, the NWB Tool has been extended to read publication data from Thomson Scientific/ISI, Scopus, Google Scholar via Publish or Perish¹⁰, personal references collected via reference management software such as Endnote (http. www endnote.com), Reference Manager (http: www refman.com), or the Bibtex format (http: www bibtex.org), funding data downloaded from the National Science Foundation, and other scholarly data available in plain comma-separated value files. Extraction of networks from a dataset is easy: simply load the dataset, and run the extraction algorithm of your choice. The resulting network can be analyzed using diverse combinations of the many data analysis and visualization algorithms available in the NWB Tool. Common workflows include general network analysis, text analysis via burst detection¹¹, network visualization, and exporting to various standard network formats. Figure 1 shows a small section of a visualization generated using the network extraction workflow.

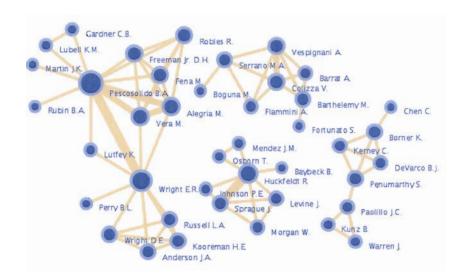


Figure 1: Four clusters from the co-authorship extraction of a search for "Indiana University" and "Social Networks" on Scopus, visualized using GUESS¹². Edge width corresponds to number of co-authored works, and node size corresponds to total degree.

Discussion and Outlook

Today, the NWB Tool provides basic functionality, and we welcome all feedback for extensions. In the future we plan to support more input formats, additional data cleaning, co-word analysis and network extraction, extraction for multi-type networks, integration of new visualization algorithms, exportation of bibliographic formats to a single common format, and additional support for scientometric workflows. Existing workflows will also be enhanced and expanded upon through a follow-up NSF project that aims to build a macroscope for science policy makers.

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