

## Data Visualization Literacy



- Andee: What does education want from data visualization?
- Joe: What do data visualizations need to be comprehensible?
- Katy: What frameworks can we provide for understanding data visualizations?
- Peggy: How do we make data visualization accessible on the museum floor?
- Bryan: How do we make data visualization accessible on the museum floor?

*ASTC Conference  
Tampa, Florida*

*September 25, 2016*

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## Data Visualization Literacy: Visualization Frameworks



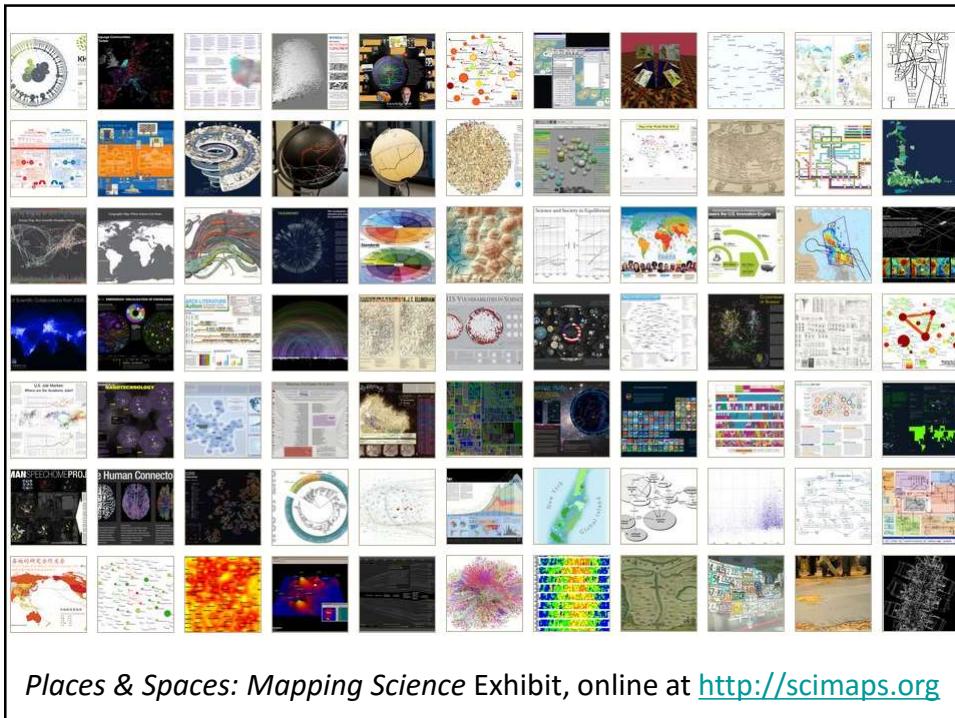
Katy Börner

Victor H. Yngve Distinguished Professor of Information Science  
Director, Cyberinfrastructure for Network Science Center  
School of Informatics and Computing and  
Indiana University Network Science Institute  
Indiana University, USA

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## How to Classify (Name & Make) Different Visualizations?

By

- User insight needs?
- User task types?
  
- Data to be visualized?
- Data transformation?
  
- Visualization technique?
- Visual mapping transformation?
- Interaction techniques?
  
- Or ?



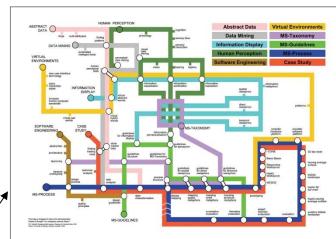
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## Different Question Types



Terabytes of data

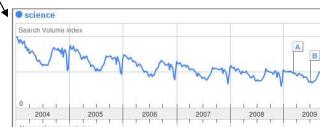
Descriptive & Predictive Models



Find your way



Find collaborators, friends



Identify trends

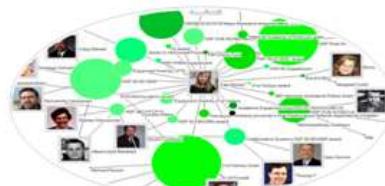
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## Different Levels of Abstraction/Analysis

Macro/Global Population Level



Meso/Local Group Level



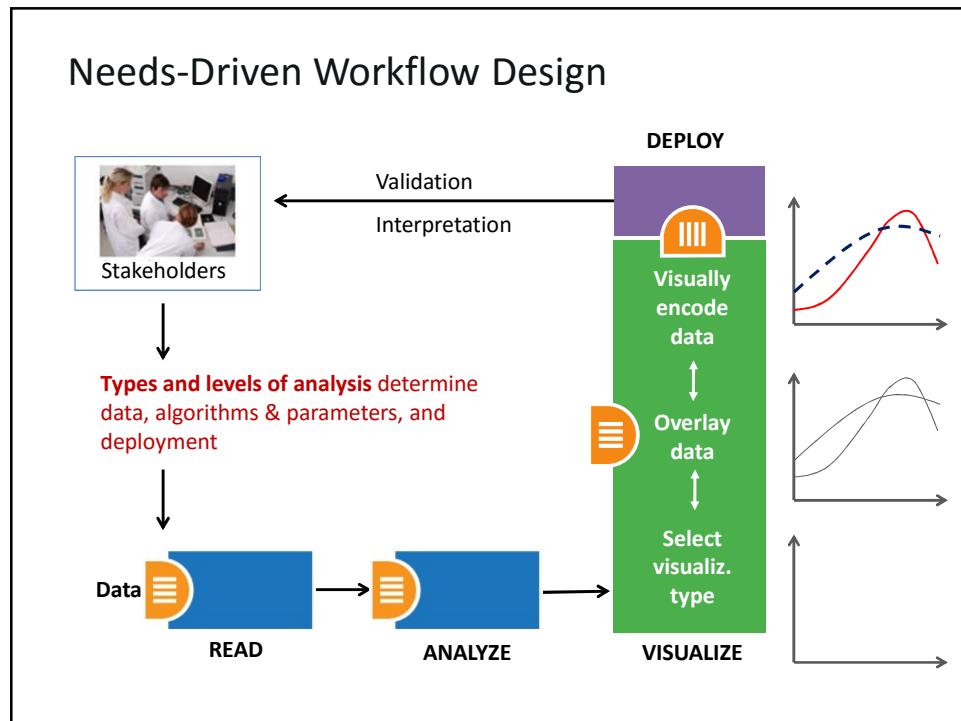
Micro Individual Level



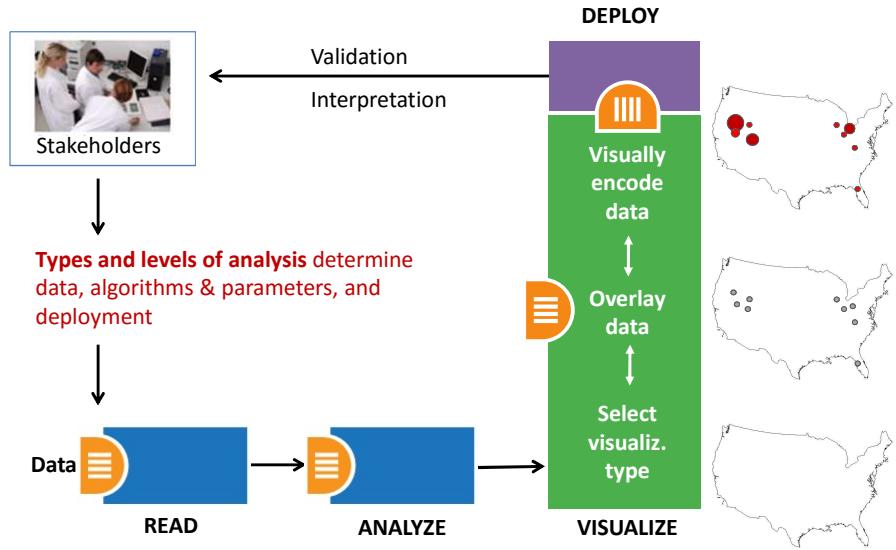
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Tasks		LEVELS		
TYPES		MICRO: Individual Level about 1–1,000 records page 6	MESO: Local Level about 1,001–100,000 records page 8	MACRO: Global Level more than 100,000 records page 10
Statistical Analysis page 44				
WHEN: Temporal Analysis page 48				
WHERE: Geospatial Analysis page 52				
WHAT: Topical Analysis page 56				
WITH WHOM: Network Analysis page 60				
Atlas of Knowledge Anyone Can Map				
See page 5				

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## Needs-Driven Workflow Design



## Visualization Framework

Insight Need Types page 26	Data Scale Types page 28	Visualization Types page 30	Graphic Symbol Types page 32	Graphic Variable Types page 34	Interaction Types page 26
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>categorize/cluster</li> <li>order/rank/sort</li> <li>distributions (also outliers, gaps)</li> <li>comparisons</li> <li>trends (process and time)</li> <li>geospatial</li> <li>compositions (also of text)</li> <li>correlations/relationships</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>nominal</li> <li>ordinal</li> <li>interval</li> <li>ratio</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>table</li> <li>chart</li> <li>graph</li> <li>map</li> <li>network layout</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>geometric symbols</li> <li>point</li> <li>line</li> <li>area</li> <li>surface</li> <li>volume</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>linguistic symbols</li> <li>text</li> <li>numerals</li> <li>punctuation marks</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>pictorial symbols</li> <li>images</li> <li>icons</li> <li>statistical glyphs</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>spatial</li> <li>position</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>retinal</li> <li>form</li> <li>color</li> <li>optics</li> <li>motion</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>overview</li> <li>zoom</li> <li>search and locate</li> <li>filter</li> <li>details-on-demand</li> <li>history</li> <li>extract</li> <li>link and brush</li> <li>projection</li> <li>distortion</li> </ul>



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## Visualization Framework

Basic Task Types								
Bertin, 1967	Wehrend & Lewis, 1996	Few, 2004	Yau, 2011	Rendgen & Wiedemann, 2012	Frankel, 2012	Tool: Many Eyes	Tool: Chart Chooser	Börner, 2014
selection	categorize	category						categorize/cluster
order	rank	ranking					table	order/rank/sort
	distribution	distribution					distribution	distributions (also outliers, gaps)
	compare	nominal comparison & deviation	differences		compare and contrast	compare data values	comparison	comparisons
		time series	patterns over time	time	process and time	track rises and falls over time	trend	trends (process and time)
		geospatial	spatial relations	location		generate maps		geospatial
quantity	part-to-whole	proportions		form and structure	see parts of whole, analyze text	composition		compositions (also of text)
association	correlate	correlation	relationships	hierarchy		relations between data points	relationship	correlations/relationships

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## Visualization Framework

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See page 24

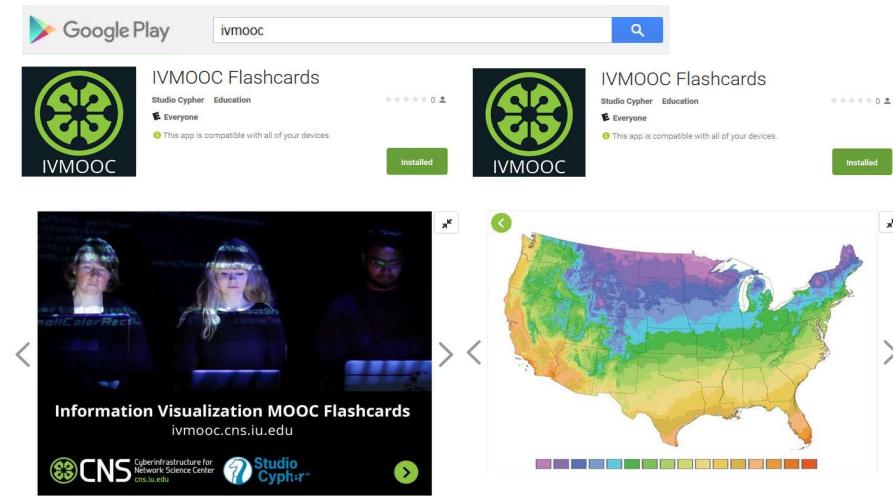
## Visualization Types (Reference Systems)

1. **Charts:** No reference system—e.g., Wordle.com, pie charts
2. **Tables:** Categorical axes that can be selected, reordered; cells can be color coded and might contain proportional symbols. Special kind of graph.
3. **Graphs:** Quantitative or qualitative (categorical) axes. Timelines, bar graphs, scatter plots.
4. **Geospatial maps:** Use latitude and longitude reference system. World or city maps.
5. **Network graphs:** Node position might depends on node attributes or node similarity. **Tree graphs:** hierarchies, taxonomies, genealogies. **Networks:** social networks, migration flows.

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## IVMOOC App – More than 60 visualizations

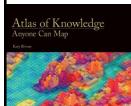
The “IVMOOC Flashcards” app can be downloaded from Google Play and Apple iOS stores.



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### Graphic Variable Types Versus Graphic Symbol Types

		Geometric Symbols						
		Point	Line	Area				
Spatial	x	quantitative						
	y	quantitative						
Retinal	z	quantitative						
	Size	quantitative	NA (Not Applicable)					
	Shape	qualitative	NA					
	Rotation	quantitative	NA					
	Curvature	quantitative	NA					
	Angle	quantitative	NA					
	Closure	quantitative	NA					
		Value	quantitative					
		Hue	qualitative					
		Saturation	quantitative					

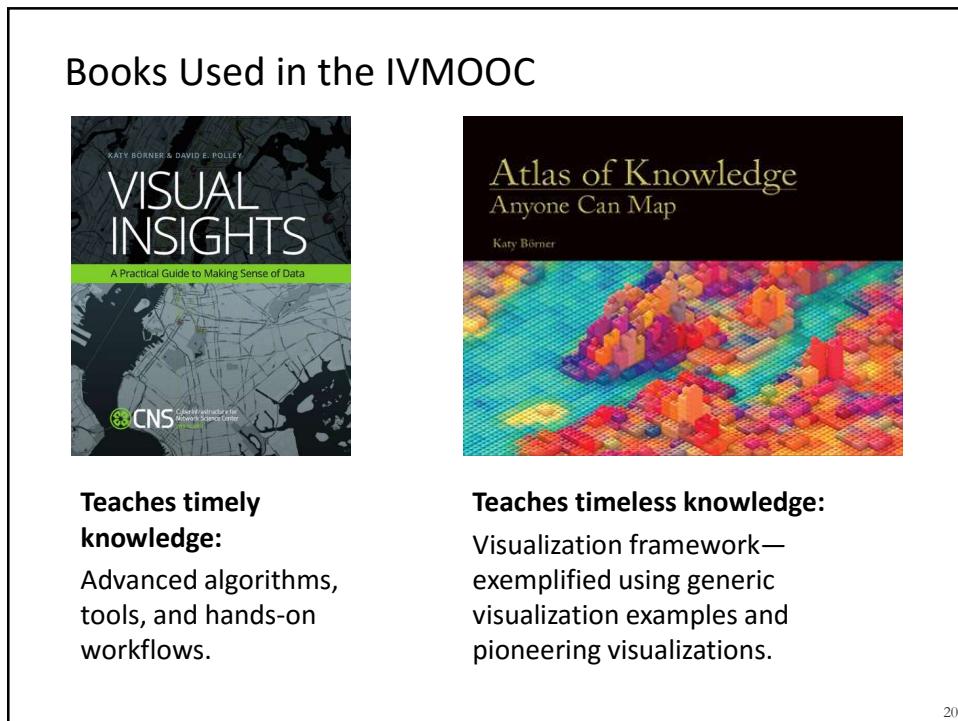
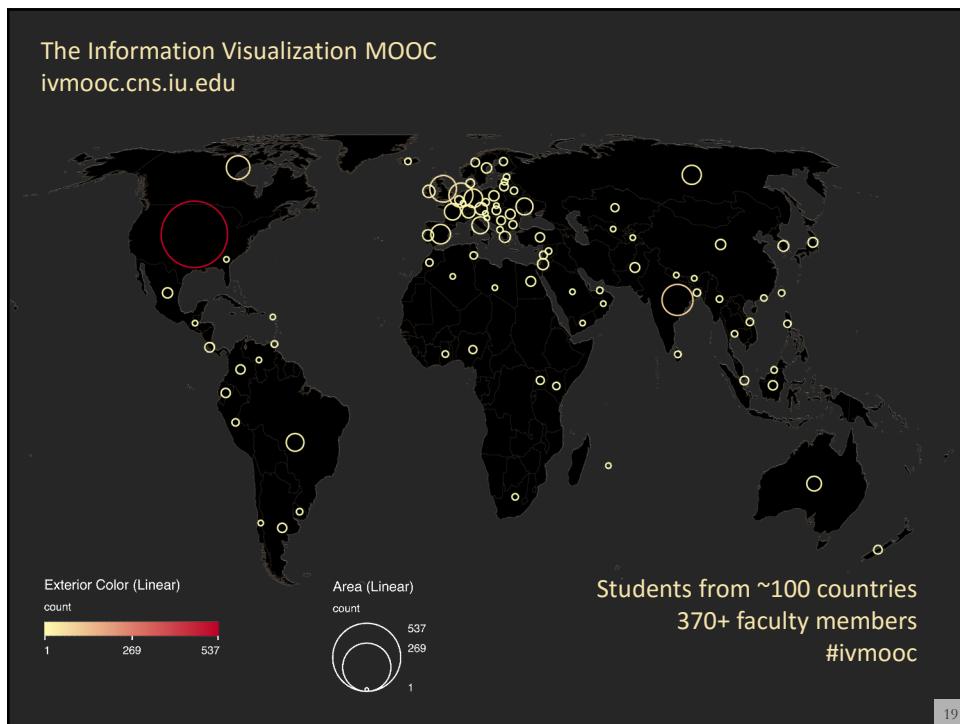
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Graphic Variable Types Versus Graphic Symbol Types									
		Point	Line	Area	Geometric Symbols	Surface	Volume	Text	Image, Icons, Mathematical Objects
Symbol Type	Value Type	[Point]	[Line]	[Area]	[Geometric Symbols]	[Surface]	[Volume]	[Text]	[Image, Icons, Mathematical Objects]
Color	Continuous	[Color]	[Line]	[Area]	[Geometric Symbols]	[Surface]	[Volume]	[Text]	[Image, Icons, Mathematical Objects]
Color	Categorical	[Color]	[Line]	[Area]	[Geometric Symbols]	[Surface]	[Volume]	[Text]	[Image, Icons, Mathematical Objects]
Orientation	Continuous	[Orientation]	[Orientation]	[Orientation]	[Orientation]	[Orientation]	[Orientation]	[Orientation]	[Orientation]
Orientation	Categorical	[Orientation]	[Orientation]	[Orientation]	[Orientation]	[Orientation]	[Orientation]	[Orientation]	[Orientation]
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Shape	Categorical	[Shape]	[Shape]	[Shape]	[Shape]	[Shape]	[Shape]	[Shape]	[Shape]
Size	Continuous	[Size]	[Size]	[Size]	[Size]	[Size]	[Size]	[Size]	[Size]
Size	Categorical	[Size]	[Size]	[Size]	[Size]	[Size]	[Size]	[Size]	[Size]
Location	Continuous	[Location]	[Location]	[Location]	[Location]	[Location]	[Location]	[Location]	[Location]
Location	Categorical	[Location]	[Location]	[Location]	[Location]	[Location]	[Location]	[Location]	[Location]
Ordering	Continuous	[Ordering]	[Ordering]	[Ordering]	[Ordering]	[Ordering]	[Ordering]	[Ordering]	[Ordering]
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Offset	Categorical	[Offset]	[Offset]	[Offset]	[Offset]	[Offset]	[Offset]	[Offset]	[Offset]

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The screenshot shows the homepage of the Information Visualization MOOC (IVMOOC) 2016. The header features the IVMOOC logo and the text "IVMOOC 2016". A large video player in the center displays three individuals (two women and one man) sitting at desks with laptops, illuminated by the screens. Below the video, the text "Information Visualization MOOC" and the URL "ivmooc.cn.cns.iu.edu" are visible. A "MENU" button is located in the top right corner.

Register for free: <http://ivmooc.cn.cns.iu.edu>. Class restarts Jan 10, 2017.



## Course Schedule

### Part 1: Theory and Hands-On

- **Session 1** – Workflow Design and Visualization Framework
- **Session 2** – “When:” Temporal Data
- **Session 3** – “Where:” Geospatial Data
- **Session 4** – “What:” Topical Data

### Mid-Term

- **Session 5** – “With Whom:” Trees
- **Session 6** – “With Whom:” Networks
- **Session 7** – Dynamic Visualizations and Deployment

### Final Exam



### Part 2: Students work in teams on client projects.

Final grade is based on Class Participation (10%), Midterm (30%), Final Exam (30%), and Client Project(30%).

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## Load One File and Run Many Analyses and Visualizations

Times Cited	Publication Year	City of Publisher	Country	Journal Title (Full)	Title	Subject Category	Authors
12	2011	NEW YORK	USA	COMMUNICATI ONS OF THE ACM	Plug-and-Play Macroscopes	Computer Science	Borner, K
18	2010	MALDEN	USA	CTS-CLINICAL AND TRANSLATIONA L SCIENCE	Advancing the Science of Team Science	Research & Experimental Medicine	Falk-Krzesinski, HJ   Borner, K   Contractor, N   Fiore, SM   Hall, KL   Keyton, J   Spring, B   Stokols, D   Trochim, W   Uzzi, B
13	2010	WASHINGTON	USA	SCIENCE TRANSLATIONA L MEDICINE	A Multi-Level Systems Perspective for the Science of Team Science	Cell Biology   Research & Experimental Medicine	Borner, K   Contractor, N   Falk-Krzesinski, HJ   Fiore, SM   Hall, KL   Keyton, J   Spring, B   Stokols, D   Trochim, W   Uzzi, B

Statistical Analysis–p. 44

Temporal Burst Analysis–p. 48

Geospatial Analysis–p. 52

Geospatial Analysis–p. 52

Location	Count	# Citations
Netherlands	13	292
United States	9	318
Germany	11	36
United Kingdom	1	2



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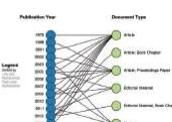
Topical Analysis—p. 56



Paper Citation Network—p. 60



Bi-Modal Network—p. 60



Co-author and many other bi-modal networks.

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## Sci2 Tool Interface Components

Download tool for free at <http://sci2.cns.iu.edu>

The Sci2 Tool interface consists of several main components:

- Data Manager:** Manages datasets, currently showing 361 Unique ISI Records and an Extracted Co-Authorship Network.
- Workflow Manager:** Manages workflows, currently showing a single step: "ISI Data: C:\Users\Katy\Desktop\A-TOOLS\sci2-v1.1-b1\ISI Data: C:\Users\Katy\Desktop\A-TOOLS\sci2-v1.1-b1\361 Unique ISI Records Extracted Co-Authorship Network Network with degree attribute added to nodes Author information".
- Visualization:** Shows network visualizations for the Co-Occurrence Network and Co-Author Network.
- Analysis:** Provides tools for extracting co-occurrence and co-author networks.
- Modeling:** Provides tools for integrating and scheduling tasks.
- Preprocessing:** Provides tools for general, temporal, geospatial, and topical preprocessing.
- Help:** Provides documentation and support resources.

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## References

Börner, Katy, Chen, Chaomei, and Boyack, Kevin. (2003). **Visualizing Knowledge Domains**. In Blaise Cronin (Ed.), ARIST, Medford, NJ: Information Today, Volume 37, Chapter 5, pp. 179-255. <http://ivl.sis.indiana.edu/km/pub/2003-borner-arist.pdf>

Shiffrin, Richard M. and Börner, Katy (Eds.) (2004). **Mapping Knowledge Domains**. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, 101(Suppl\_1). [http://www.pnas.org/content/vol101/suppl\\_1/](http://www.pnas.org/content/vol101/suppl_1/)

Börner, Katy (2010) **Atlas of Science: Visualizing What We Know**. The MIT Press. <http://scimaps.org/atlas>

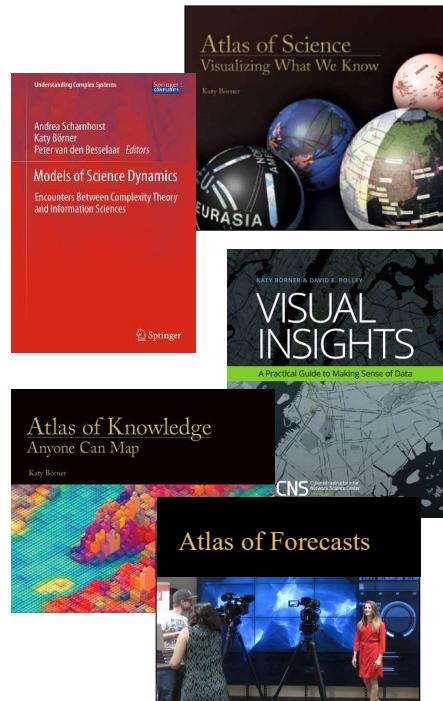
Scharnhorst, Andrea, Börner, Katy, van den Besselaar, Peter (2012) **Models of Science Dynamics**. Springer Verlag.

Katy Börner, Michael Conlon, Jon Corson-Rikert, Cornell, Ying Ding (2012) **VIVO: A Semantic Approach to Scholarly Networking and Discovery**. Morgan & Claypool.

Katy Börner and David E Polley (2014) **Visual Insights: A Practical Guide to Making Sense of Data**. The MIT Press.

Börner, Katy (2015) **Atlas of Knowledge: Anyone Can Map**. The MIT Press. <http://scimaps.org/atlas2>

Börner, Katy (2018) **Atlas of Forecasts: Predicting and Broadcasting Science, Technology, and Innovation**. The MIT Press.



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We work closely with clients to provide custom-made data, visualization, and software solutions

**Research** Open Data and Open Code for Big Science of Science Studies

**Development** Behind the scenes of the design and development of AcademyScope

**Videos** Watch Katy Börner's full presentation from TEDxBloomington

**Latest News** Put your money where your citations are: a proposal for a new funding system (website accessed 9/05/13)

**Outreach** See some of the most fascinating data visualizations in the world.

**Teaching** Successful IVOOC will be offered again in January of 2014

**Upcoming Events** OCT 1 Katy Börner attends PIUG 2013 Northeast Conference  
10.13 Katy Börner presents Mapping Science Exhibit at WSSF  
10.15 Ted Polley & Google Team present IVOOC at EDUCAUSE  
10.22 Katy Börner presents at the SciELO 15 Years Conference

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All papers, maps, tools, talks, press are linked from <http://cns.iu.edu>  
These slides will soon be at <http://cns.iu.edu/docs/presentations>

CNS Facebook: <http://www.facebook.com/cnscenter>  
Mapping Science Exhibit Facebook: <http://www.facebook.com/mappingscience>