

# Visualizing science using VOSviewer

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**Visual Insights Talk Series**

Indiana University Bloomington

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# Outline

- Introduction to VOSviewer
- Application
- Lessons learned

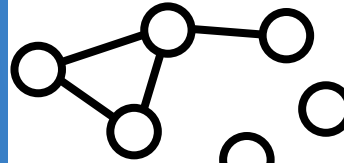
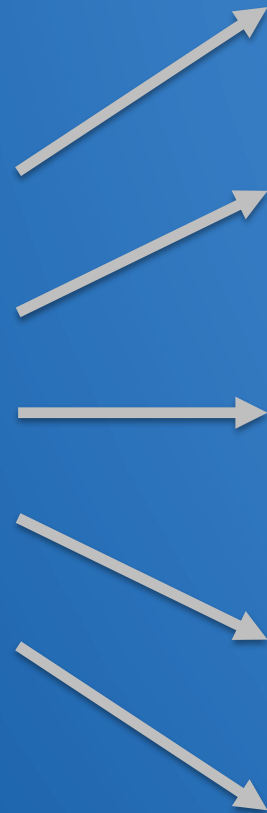
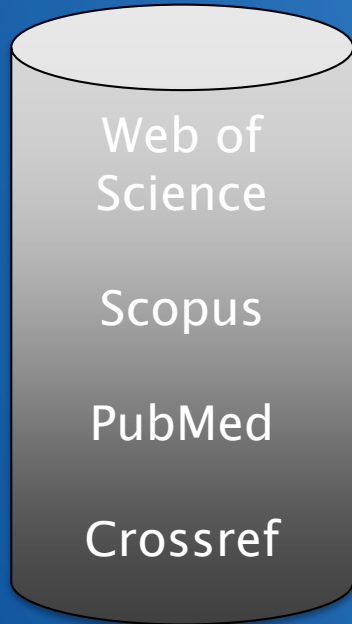


My research into  
bibliometric visualization  
and the development of  
VOSviewer is joint work  
with CWTS colleague  
Nees Jan van Eck

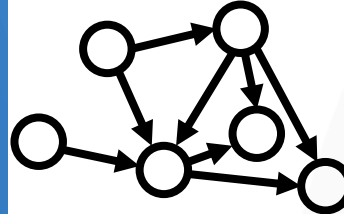
# Introduction to VOSviewer

# Bibliometric networks

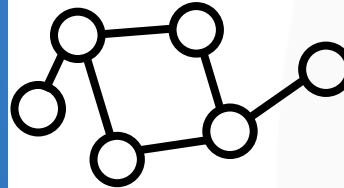
Bibliographic data source



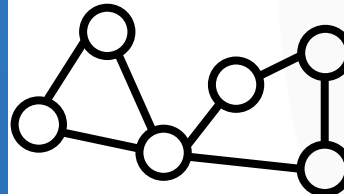
Co-authorship networks



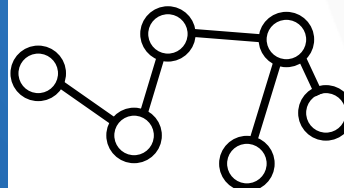
Citation networks



Bibliographic coupling networks



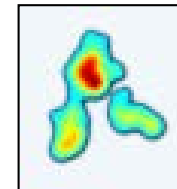
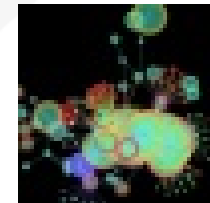
Co-citation networks



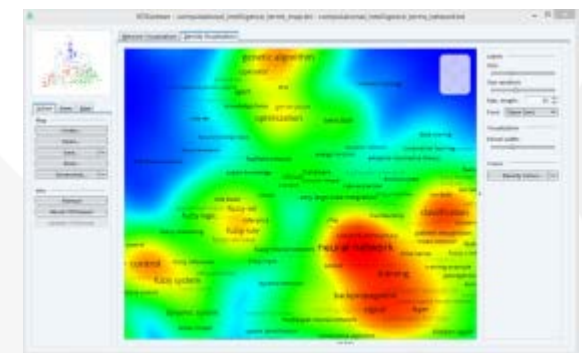
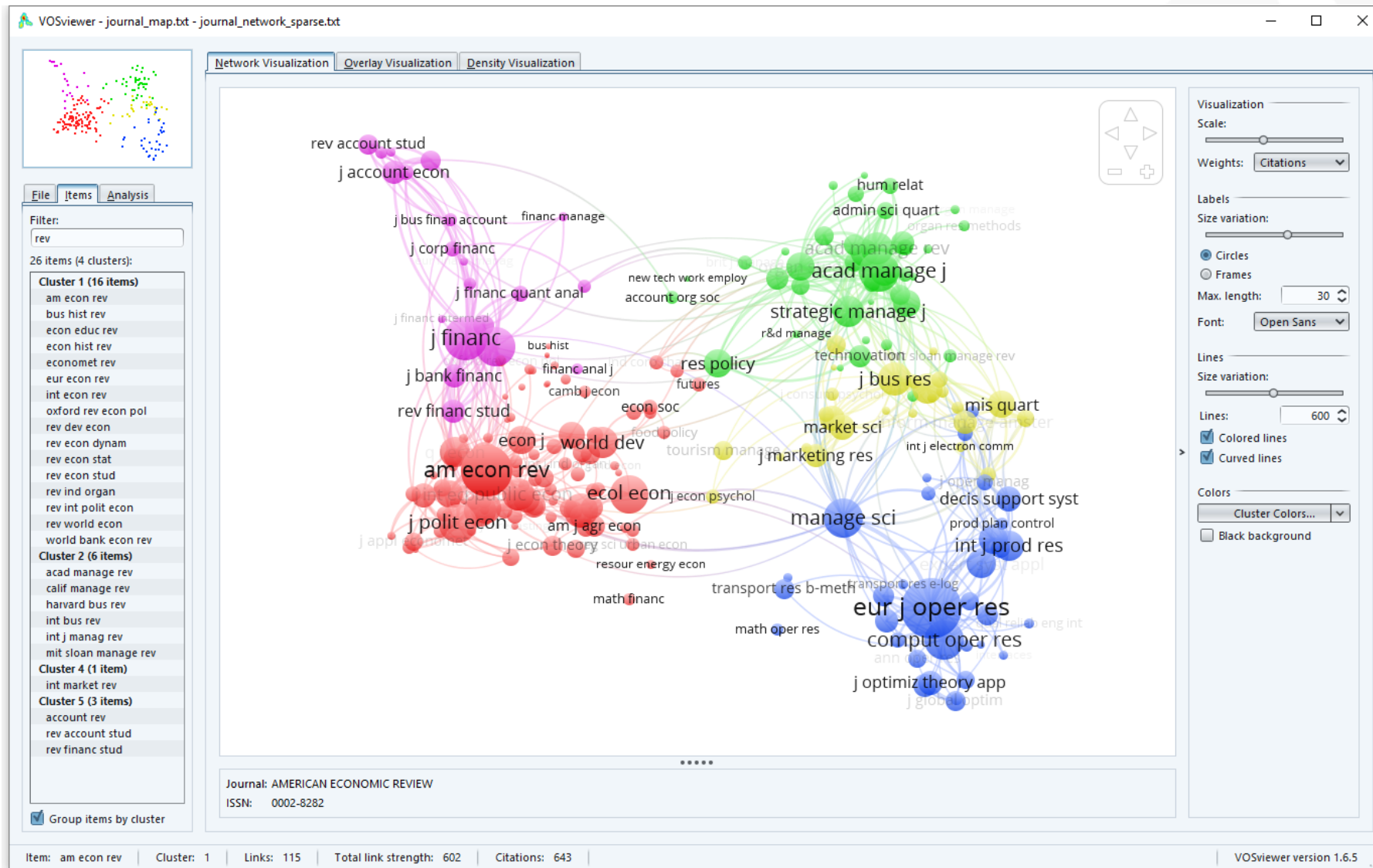
Co-occurrence networks

# Software tools for bibliometric network analysis

- General network analysis tools:
  - Gephi (<http://gephi.org>)
  - Pajek (<http://pajek.imfm.si>)
- Bibliometric network analysis tools:
  - BibExcel (<http://www8.umu.se/inforsk/Bibexcel/>)
  - CiteSpace (<http://cluster.cis.drexel.edu/~cchen/citespace/>)
  - Science of Science (Sci<sup>2</sup>) Tool (<https://sci2.cns.iu.edu>)
  - VOSviewer ([www.vosviewer.com](http://www.vosviewer.com))
- Tools for analyzing citation networks:
  - HistCite ([www.histcite.com](http://www.histcite.com))
  - CitNetExplorer ([www.citnetexplorer.nl](http://www.citnetexplorer.nl))



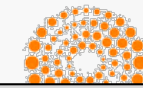
# VOSviewer



# VOSviewer

- Visualization of (bibliometric) networks
- Construction of bibliometric networks based on popular data sources (e.g. Web of Science, Scopus)
- Advanced visualization options
  - VOS layout techniques
  - Smart labeling algorithm
  - Overlay visualization
  - Density visualization ('heat map')
- Text mining functionality
- Easy to use, but limited possibilities for in-depth analysis

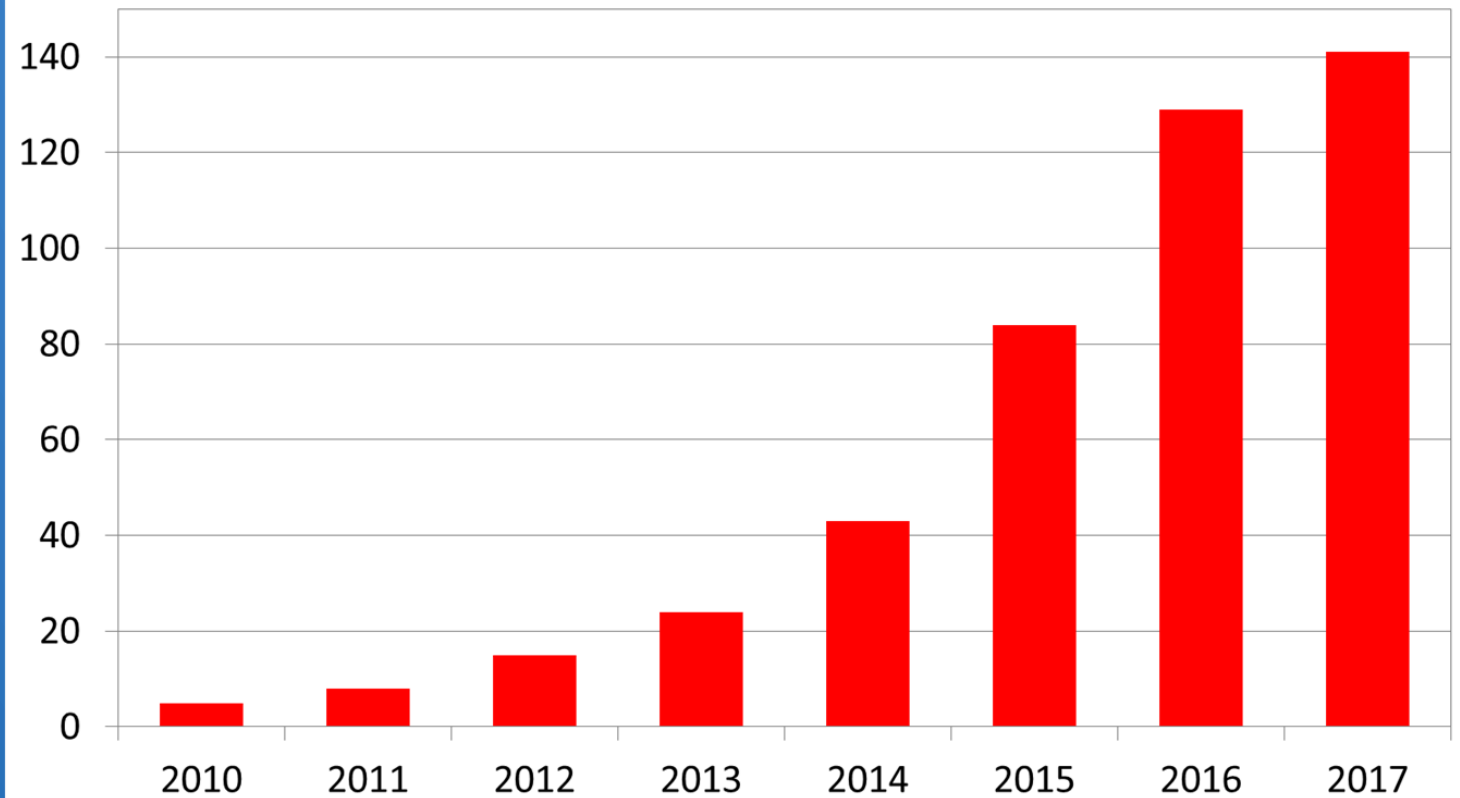
VOSviewer version 1.6.6  
can be freely downloaded from  
[www.vosviewer.com](http://www.vosviewer.com)



# VOSviewer users

- Researchers
- Research institutions
- Research funders
- Scientific publishers

Number of VOSviewer publications per year



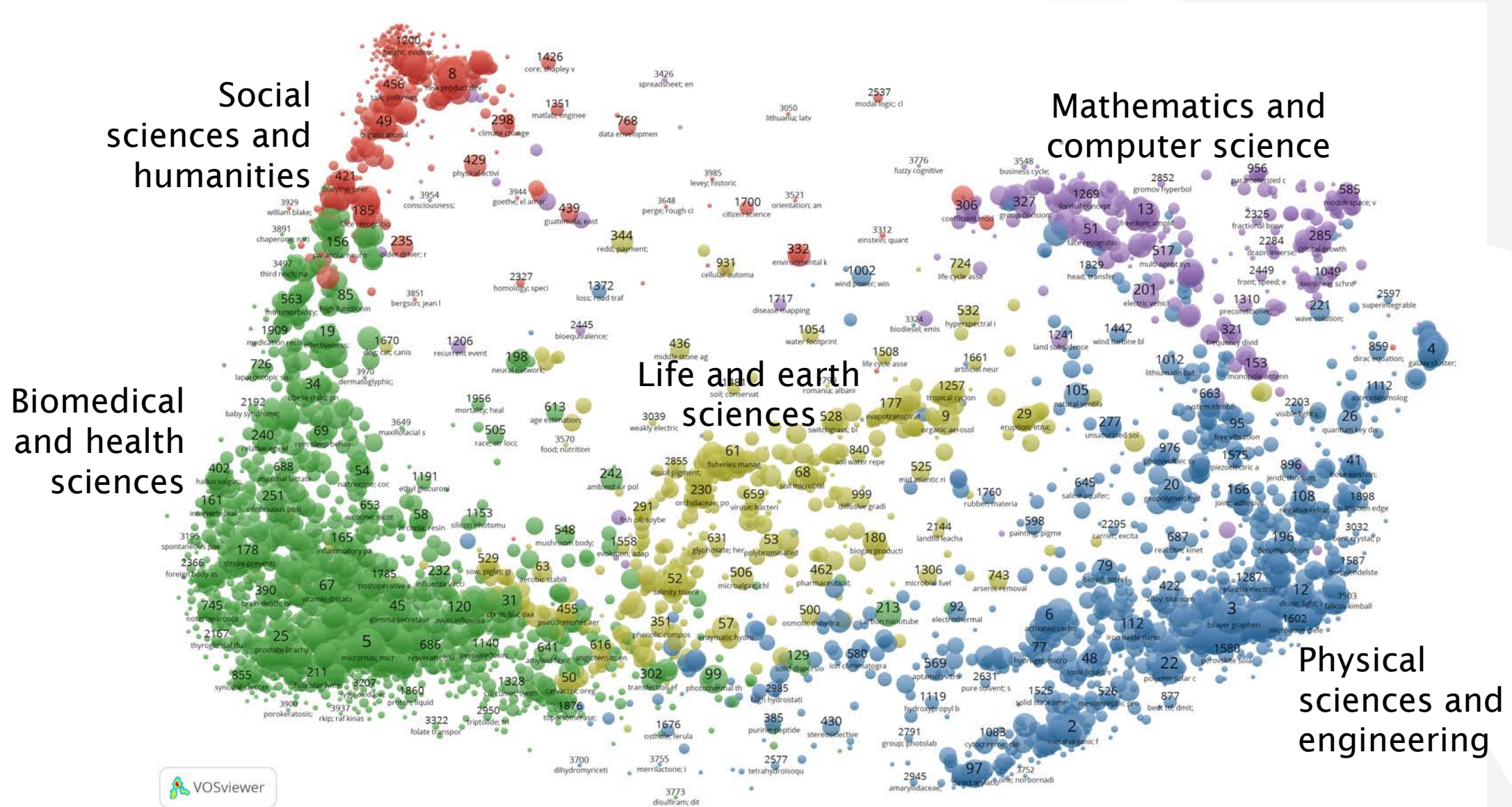


# Demonstration

# Application



# Micro-level scientific fields



# Activity of Indiana University Bloomington

Scientometrics / science of science

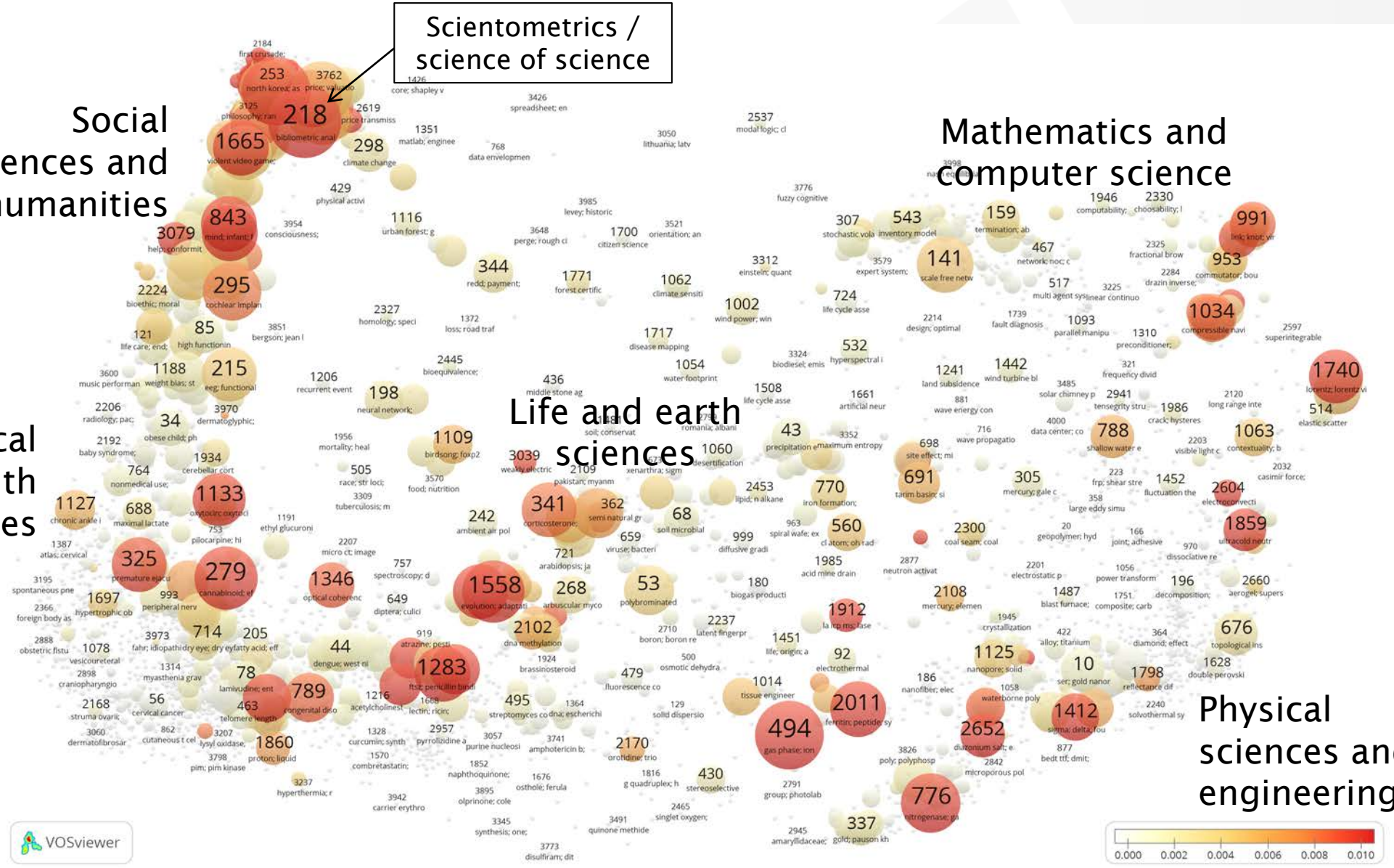
Social sciences and humanities

Mathematics and computer science

Biomedical and health sciences

Life and earth sciences

Physical sciences and engineering









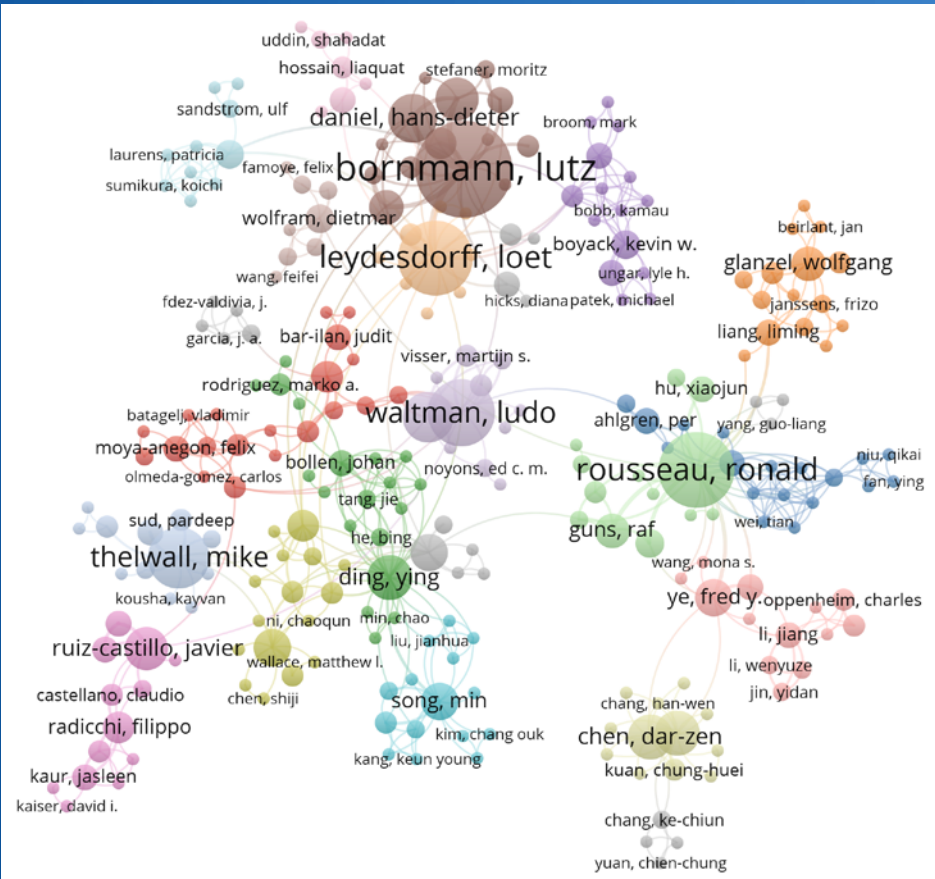
# Lessons learned



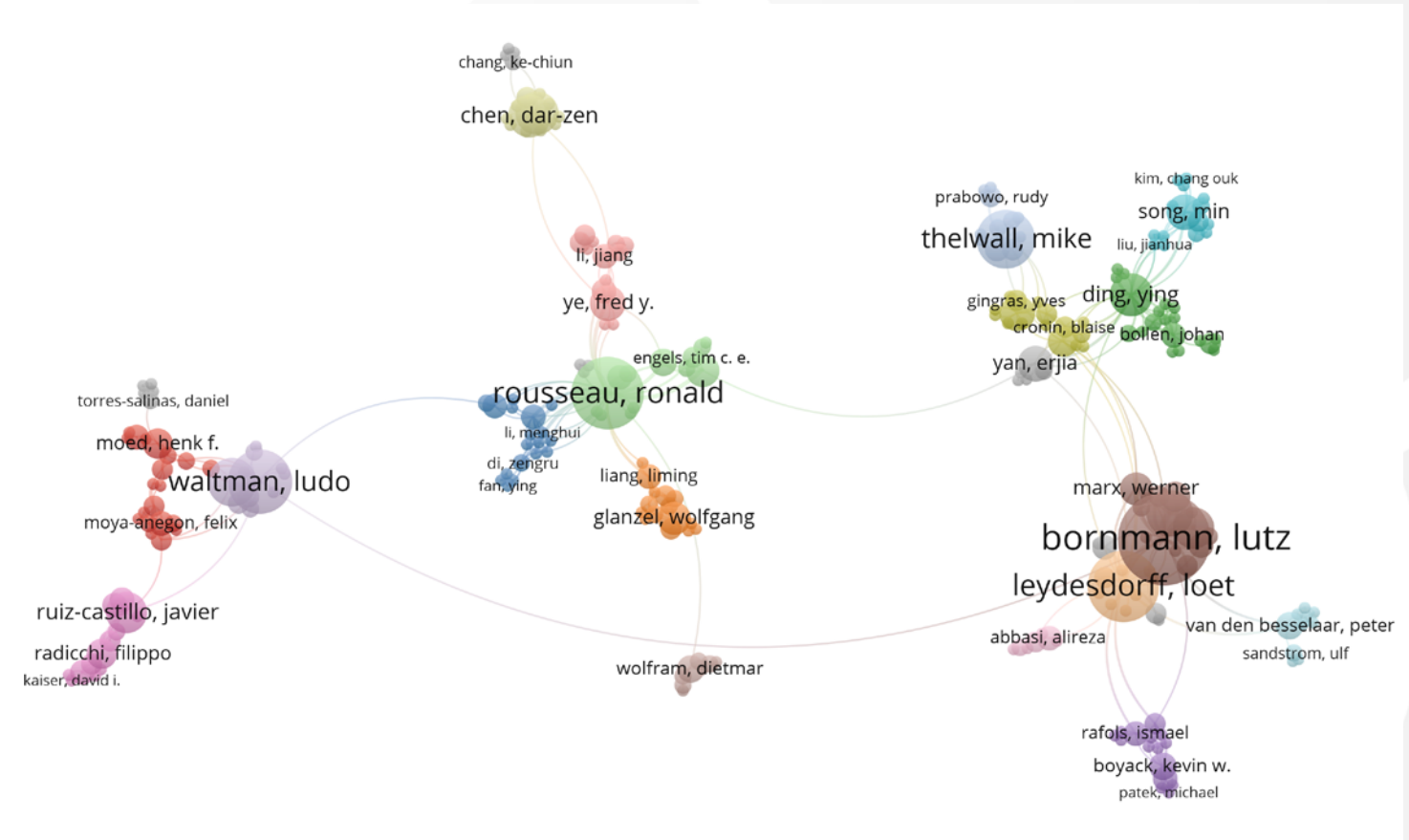




# Adjust visualizations to mode of presentation

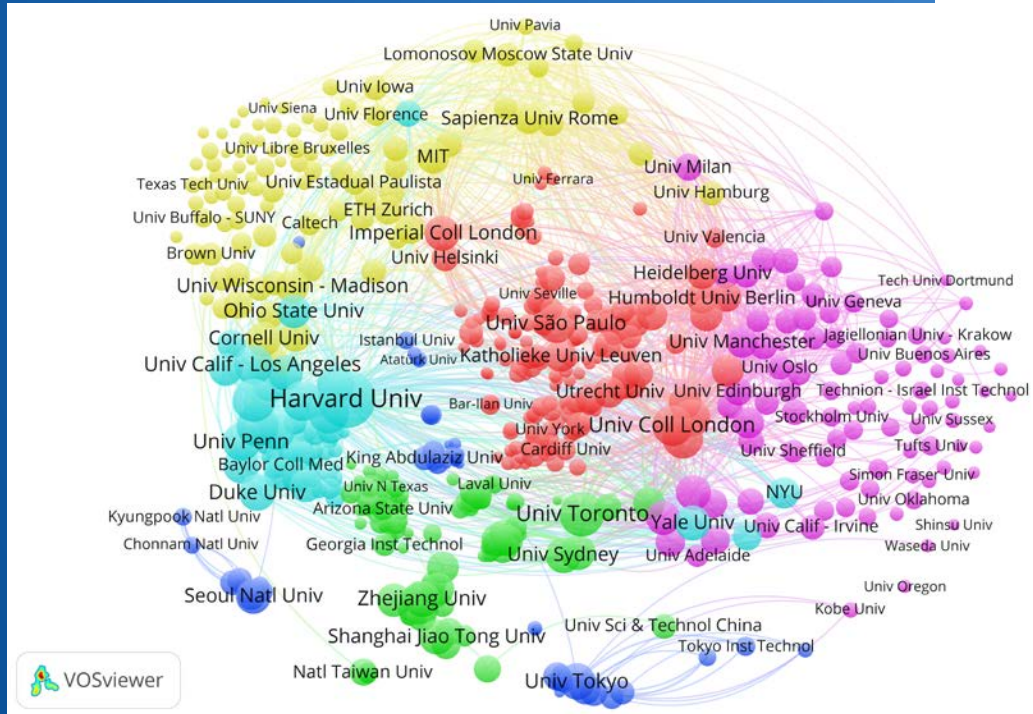


Co-authorship network (static visualization)

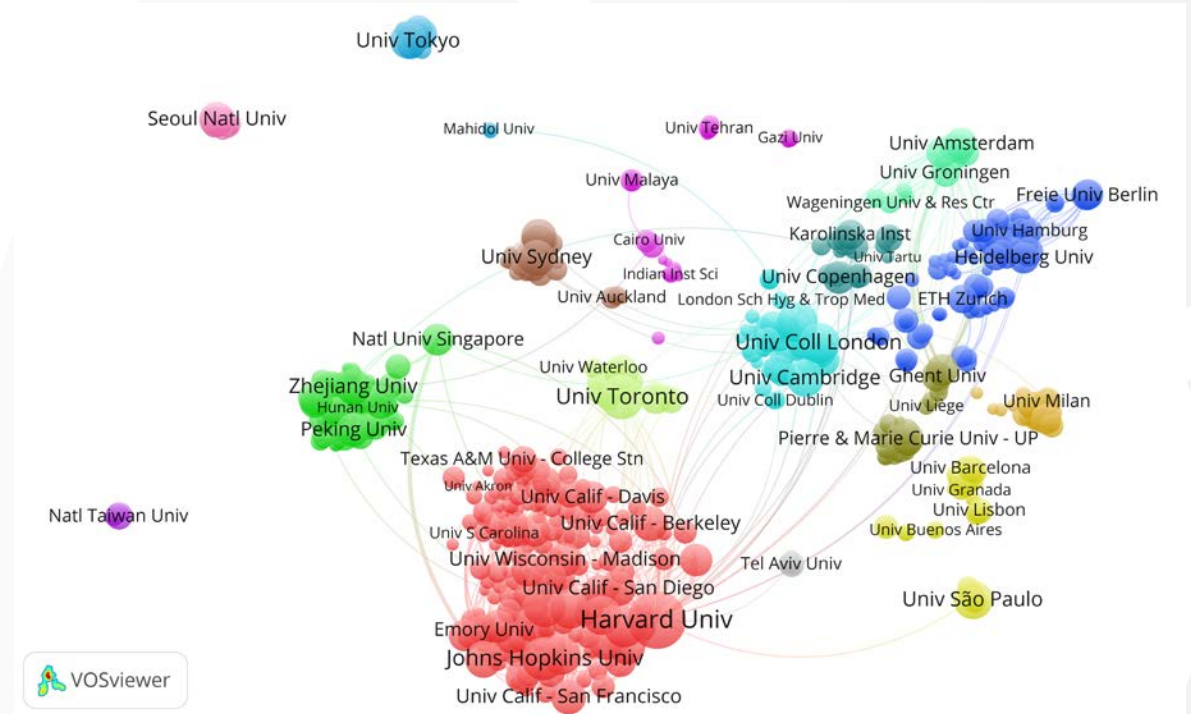


Co-authorship network (interactive visualization)

# Balance technical sophistication against methodological transparency



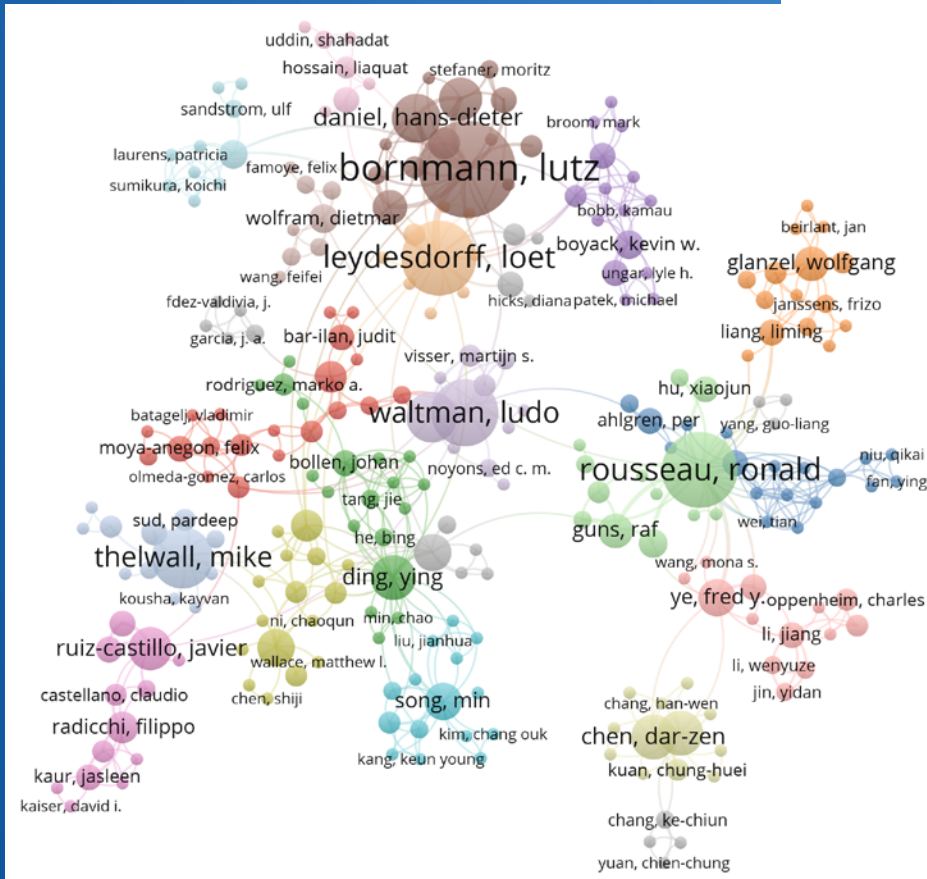
University co-authorship network based on full counting



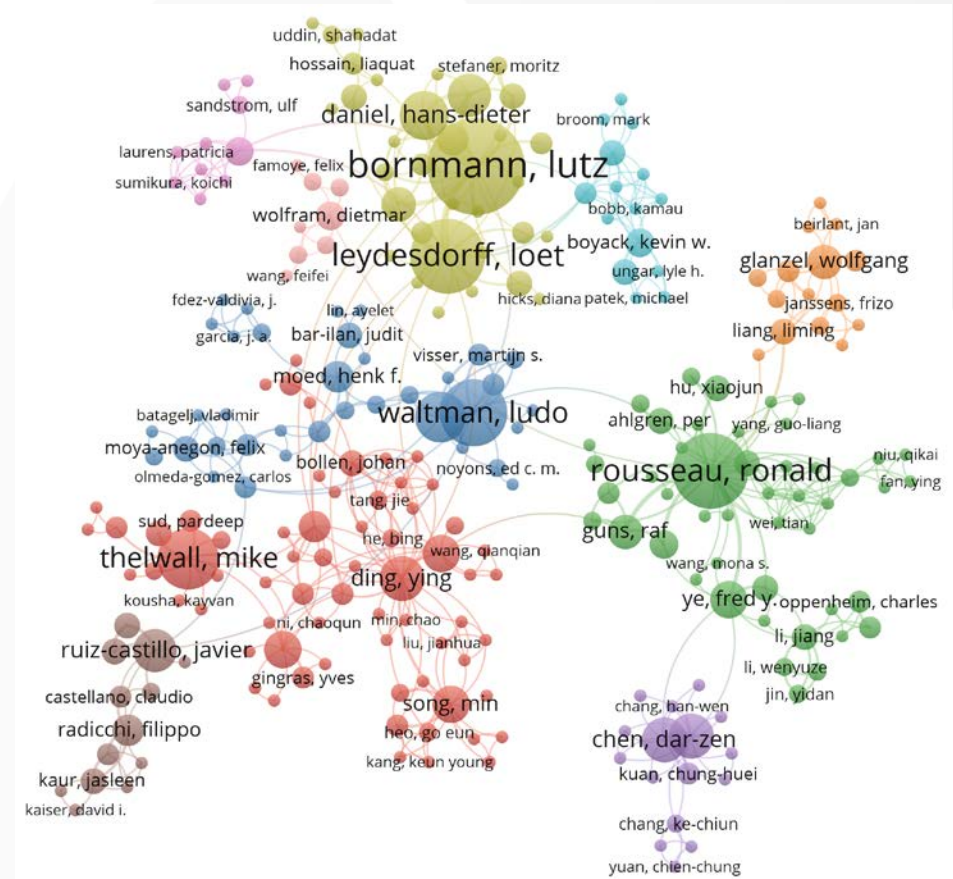
University co-authorship network based on fractional counting

Source: Perianes-Rodriguez, Waltman, & Van Eck (2016)

# Test sensitivity of visualizations to methodological choices; handle these choices pragmatically

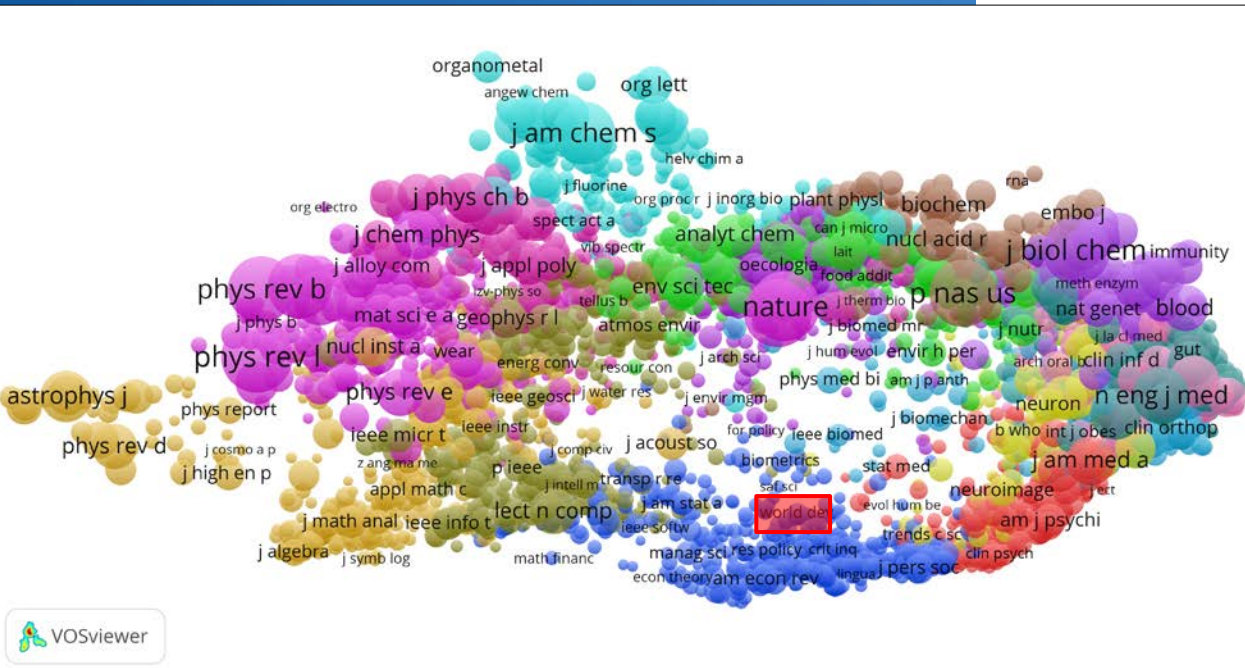


Co-authorship network (24 clusters)

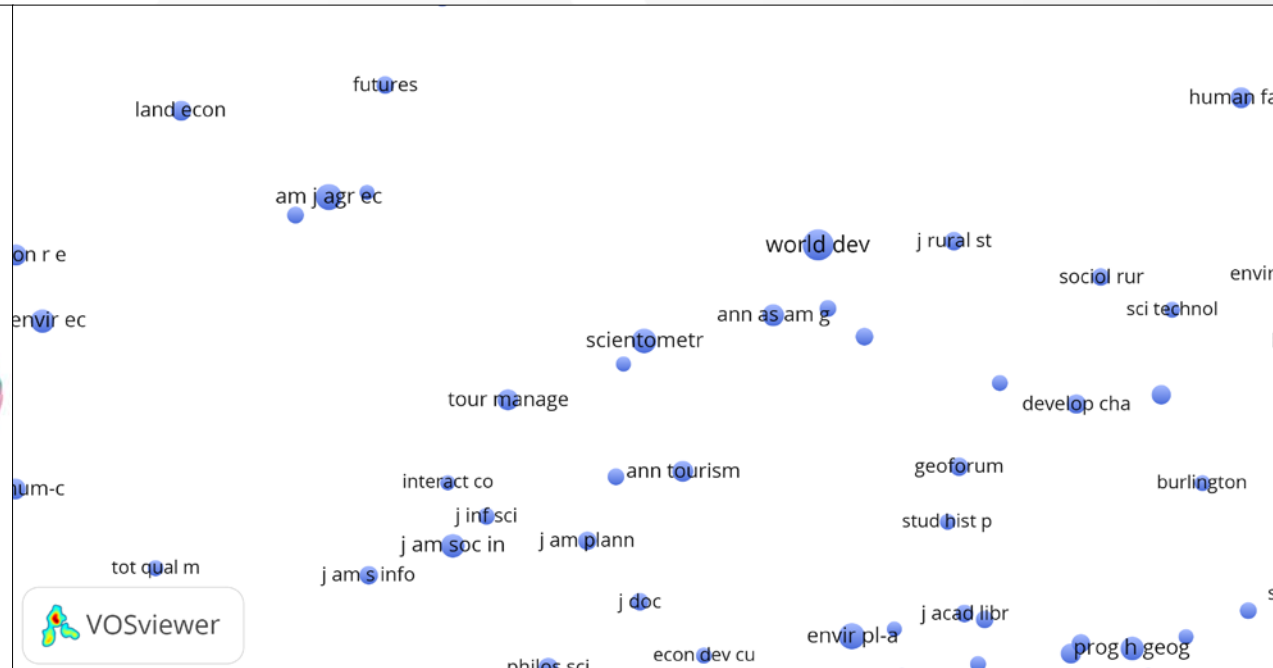


Co-authorship network (10 clusters)

# Be aware that visualizations give a simplified representation of your data



Co-citation network of scientific journals



Zooming in on *Scientometrics* and its environment

# Combine visualizations with other evidence

## COMMENT

**NEWS SCIENCE** More big thinkers weigh in on the origins of creativity p.84



**PHYSICS** When John Wheeler met Richard Feynman p.40

**TECHNOLOGY** Three views on the world-changing giants of Silicon Valley p.41

**SUSTAINABILITY** Work with nature to withstand future hurricanes p.43



Measuring the global movements of researchers will help to assess the effects of political actions on science.

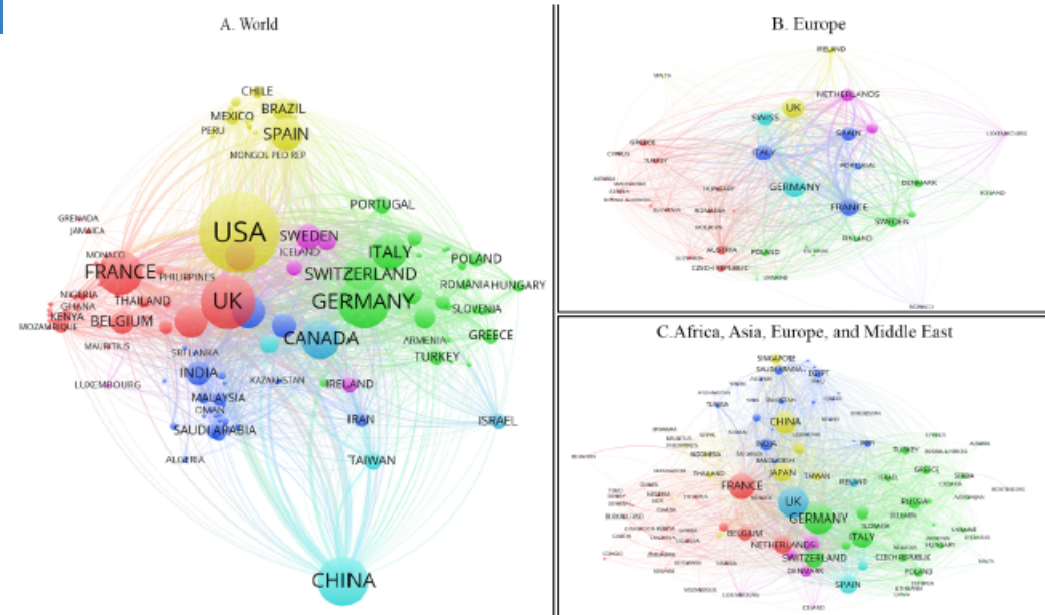


Fig. S2. Weighted mobility networks for countries with at least 500 researchers publishing between 2008-2015. Node size represents total number of links for a country. Link width represents the number of researchers affiliated with a pair of countries (either at the same time or sequentially). The colors denote community clusters (based on VOSviewer's clustering technique). (n=15,931,221)

Circulation networks that map the number and flow of researchers reveal the importance of the United States, United Kingdom, France, Canada and Germany as prominent nodes in the global scientific network (see Supplementary Figure S2). Isolation of these countries would have dramatic consequences. Although the United Kingdom is not particularly central to researcher migration in the European Union, it serves a crucial function in providing a bridge for European scientists to other areas of the world (see Supplementary Figure S2). Isolationist policies in the United Kingdom could deconstruct this network, redirecting scholars through other countries.

Tab. S1. Betweenness and closeness of countries for the world map

Country	Closeness	Rank	Betweenness	Rank
USA	0.98484848	1	0.05158627	1
UNITED KINGDOM	0.94660194	2	0.03857314	2
FRANCE	0.9375	3	0.03718456	3
CANADA	0.91121495	4	0.03130858	4
GERMANY	0.91121495	5	0.02838484	6
SWITZERLAND	0.89041096	6	0.02389162	8
ITALY	0.88636364	7	0.03050356	5
NETHERLANDS	0.88636364	8	0.02430296	7
AUSTRALIA	0.87053571	9	0.0216997	9
BELGIUM	0.84782609	10	0.01914646	11
SPAIN	0.83333333	11	0.02077365	10

# Challenges for bibliometric visualization

- How to better link interactive visualizations to the underlying bibliometric data?
- How to better handle large bibliometric data sets?
- How to improve visualization literacy in bibliometrics?

# Do it yourself!

[www.vosviewer.com](http://www.vosviewer.com)

- Freely available VOSviewer software
- Examples of VOSviewer visualizations
- Documentation and tutorials
- Questions and answers
- List of publications in which VOSviewer is used

**VOSviewer**  
Visualizing scientific landscapes

Leiden University | CWTS | CWTS B.V. | Other CWTS sites

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## Welcome to VOSviewer

VOSviewer is a software tool for constructing and visualizing bibliometric networks. These networks may for instance include journals, researchers, or individual publications, and they can be constructed based on citation, bibliographic coupling, co-citation, or co-authorship relations. VOSviewer also offers text mining functionality that can be used to construct and visualize co-occurrence networks of important terms extracted from a body of scientific literature.

### VOSviewer version 1.6.6

VOSviewer version 1.6.6 was released on October 23, 2017. Some of the new features and improvements are listed below:

- Support for Crossref data. Functionality has been added for creating co-authorship, citation, and term co-occurrence maps based on Crossref data. Data can be downloaded directly through the Crossref API. More information is available [here](#).
- Improved visualizations. Improvements have been made to

### VOSviewer web start

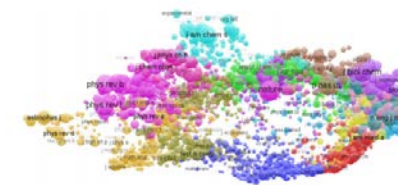
Click the button below to launch VOSviewer directly from this web page. This requires a system with Java support.

[Launch VOSviewer](#)

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## VOSviewer Manual

Nees Jan van Eck and Ludo Waltman  
23 October 2017

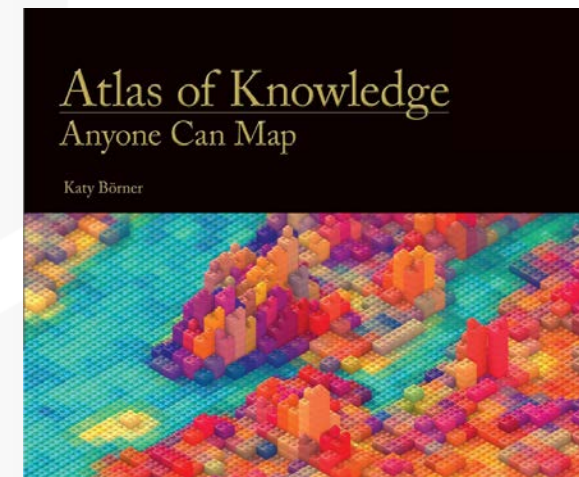
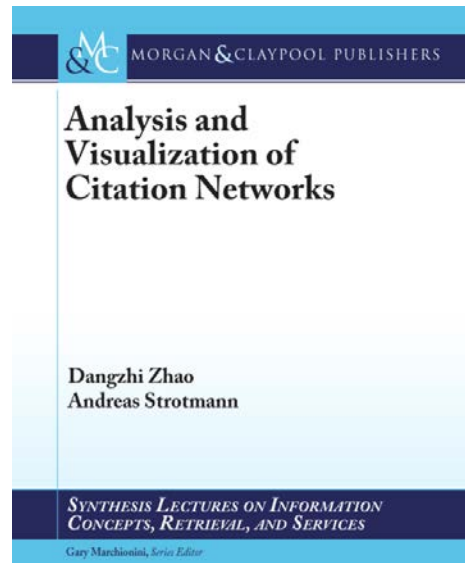
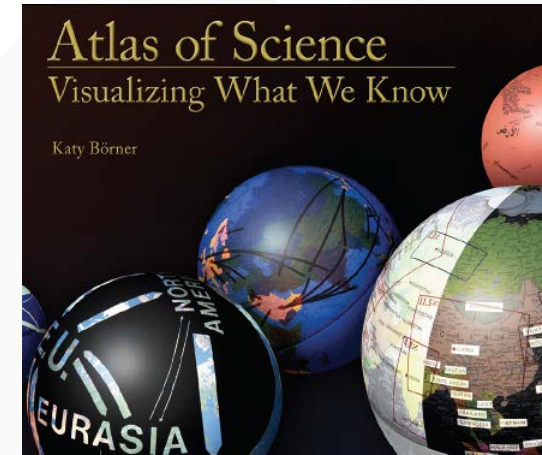
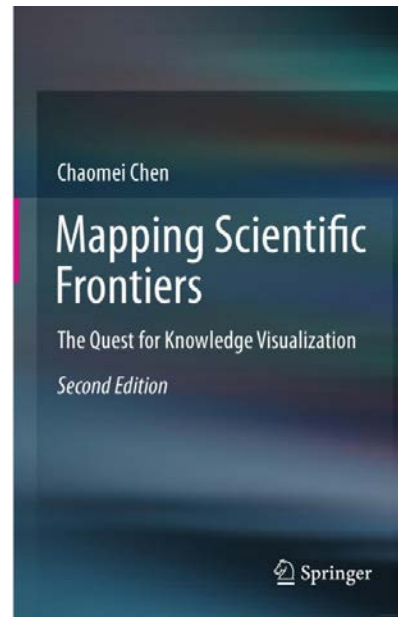
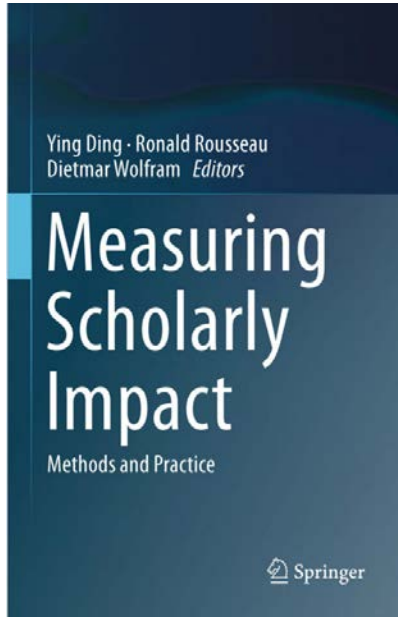


Manual for VOSviewer version 1.6.6





# Further reading



**Thank you for your attention!**